Introduced by: Tracy J. Own

Proposed No:

79-880

6/21/79

MOTION NO. 4327

A MOTION related to I-90 balanced transportation facilities for energy use choices; requesting the Washington State Department of Transportation's District I Administration, the U.S. Department of Transportation's Federal Highway Administration and the six parties to the I-90 Memo of Understanding to agree to and provide for an effective tenfoot minimum pedestrian and bicycle facility through the I-90 corridor between Seattle and Bellevue.

WHEREAS, since the dawn of recorded history mankind has relied on foot, hoof and wheel for the moving of people and goods with the taming of the ox, donkey and other beasts of burden in about 6,000 B.C. and the invention of the wheel in about 2,700 B.C., and

mankind has discovered (late 1700's) and widely utilized (late 1800's) the combinations of fossil fuels and electricity for electric motors and internal combustion engines for increased speed and convenience in surface transportation, and

WHEREAS, the United States with about 6% of the world's population consumes about 35% of its world's yearly energy supply, of which about 50% is wasted in thermal pollution, and

WHEREAS, about 95 percent of the energy the world uses comes from fossil fuels--oil, natural gas, coal and nuclear, and

WHEREAS, the amount of fossil fuels burned by mankind has nearly doubled every 20 years since 1900, and

WHEREAS, petroleum furnishes about 50 percent of the energy used in the United States yearly, of which about 50 percent is used for surface transportation, mainly for autos and trucks whose Second Law of Thermodynamic efficiency is estimated at about 10%, and

WHEREAS, while the United States population between 1950 and 1970 increased 35%, its energy use doubled, and

WHEREAS, geologists have been predicting since the 1950's

that the production of fossil fuels would be short of meeting the ever increasing demands for them, starting in the 1970's, and

WHEREAS, in view of the diminishing fossil fuel reserves and the currently inadequate fuel production capabilities to meet the increasing energy demands along with the increasing costs of other natural resources to build and maintain the automotive and trucking industries, in view of the increasing worldwide inflation the shortfall of investment capital and accompanying historic high U. S. interest rates, it seems only logical to assume that bicycles and pedestrian travel in conjunction with mass transit will increasingly become a much more acceptable transportation modal mix, and

WHEREAS, bicycle sales have outrun automobile sales starting in 1971, the first time this has occurred in the 1900's, and estimated 1972 sales of 13.7 million were 65% above 1971 sales, and

WHEREAS, the existing floating and East Channel bridges currently provide one way traffic on sidewalks of four foot widths on each of the north and south sides, and

WHEREAS, the current 3-2T-3 design reduces these two facilities to one eight foot wide sidewalk on the north side to handle two way traffic for pedestrians, bicyclists, tricycles, baby strollers, roller skaters and skate boarders, and

WHEREAS, standards for separated facilities for high volumes of pedestrians and nonmotorized vehicles are set at 10 to 12 feet in King County's Executive proposed "King County Road Standards 1979"; in Bellevue's "Comprehensive Nonmotorized Transportation Plan Recommendations", in King County's recommendation to the AASHTO "Guide for Bicycle Routes" revision effort of the American Association of State Highway and Transportation officials, and in Seattle's recommendation that the AASHTO Guidelines be revised based on the latest and best experience gained and recorded in "Planning and Design Criteria for Bikeways in

California" of June 30, 1978, and

WHEREAS, the Mt. Baker tunnel is designed to have a 12 foot wide tunnel for pedestrians and bicycles and Mercer Island's link is planned for a 10 foot wide trail in the 3-2T-3 configuration, and

WHEREAS, all the major new King County two-way pedestrian/bicycle facilities are ten feet wide (Burke-Gilman, Lake Sammamish and the Interurban), two of which are already of insufficient capacity during the increasingly frequent heavy use, and

WHEREAS, upon completion of improvements in the I-90 link between Bellevue and Seattle anticipated between 1980 and 1990, this facility will probably be the last major improvement in this corridor for at least 50 years (up to the year 2040), and

WHEREAS, the second remaining half of the world's liquid petroleum reserves will be most likely depleted in the next 20 to 40 years.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County:

The six parties to the Memorandum of Understanding dated

November 9, 1976 on I-90, namely, King County, the Cities of

Seattle, Mercer Island and Bellevue, the Washington State Highway

Commission (now the Washington State Department of Transportatin Commission), and the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle; as well as the United States Department of Transportation and the

Federal Highway Administration and the Washington State Department of Transportation District 1 Administration agree to and provide for an effective ten foot minimum pedestrian and bicycle facility across the entire I-90 corridor from Bellevue's land mass on the East to Seattle's Mt. Baker tunnel on the West which is already designed for an acceptable twelve foot width.

-3-

BE IT FURTHER MOVED,

The Chairman of the King County Council transmit this policy position to the six parties to the I-90 Memorandum of Understanding mentioned above with a request for their written support of this position.

PASSED this

25th day of

fune, 19

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Chairman

ATTEST:

Clerk of the Council